

SOCIAL NETWORKS

Adina Sterling
Stanford University

### **Social Networks**

ADINA D. STERLING

GRADUATE SCHOOL OF BUSINESS STANFORD UNIVERSITY

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## Social Networks

- PATTERNS OF RELATIONSHIPS THAT EXIST BETWEEN PEOPLE

- HAVE BROAD AND SWEEPING EFFECTS ON PEOPLE'S LIVES
  - Social Resources
  - Opportunities



#### Core Discussion Network Data

GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY

- THREE YEARS: 1985, 2004, 2010

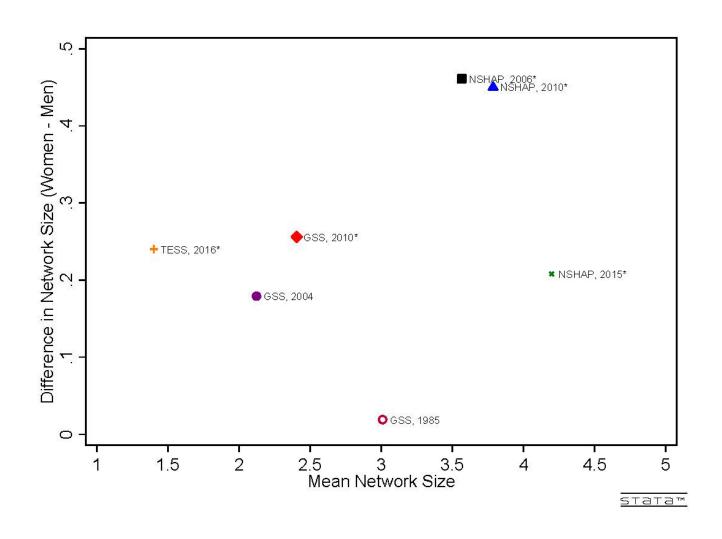
NATIONAL SOCIAL LIFE, HEALTH, AND AGING PROJECT

- Three waves: 2005, 2010, 2015

TESS (TIME-SHARING EXPERIMENTS FOR THE SOCIAL SCIENCES)

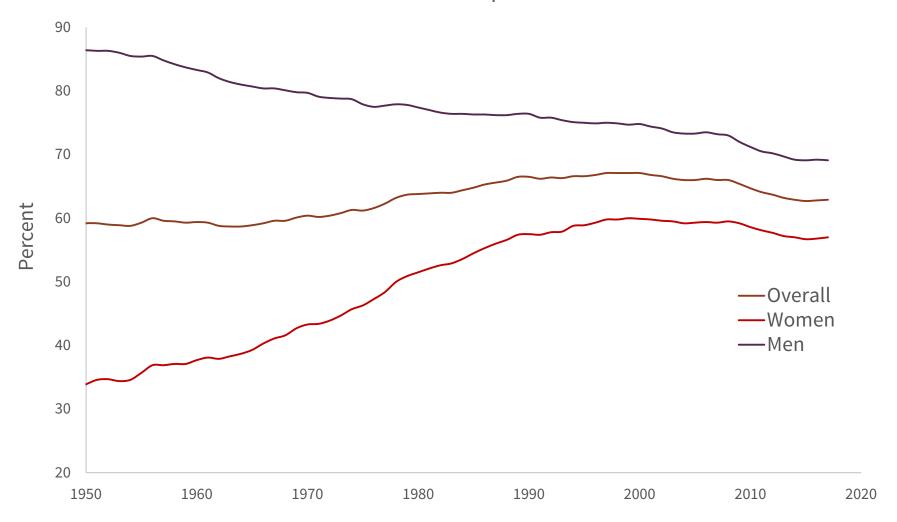
- ONE YEAR: 2016

#### Women Have Larger Networks Than Men Overall





#### Civilian Workforce Participation 1950-2017



**Bureau of Labor Statistics** 

#### Social Networks and Economic Outcomes

#### NETWORKS IMPACT

- FINDING NEW EMPLOYMENT
- RESOURCES IN THE WORKPLACE
- PROMOTIONS AND SALARY

## Composition of Networks

Men	Women	F-stat	<u></u>
0.48	0.41 *	3.99	
0.14	0.17	1.26	
0.20	0.28	2.93	
0.20	0.28 *	4.06	
0.31	0.35	0.41	Coworker Ties
1.33	1.48	3.71	Men/Women Ratio
			1.9 (2010)
0.07	0.10	1.77	
0.32	0.17 **	11.66	1.7 (1985)
0.19	0.25	2.52	
1.03	1.27 **	7.34	
1.61	1.79	2.10	
2.26	2.52 *	5.09	
	0.48 0.14 0.20 0.20 0.31 1.33 0.07 0.32 0.19 1.03 1.61	0.48       0.41       *         0.14       0.17         0.20       0.28       *         0.31       0.35         1.33       1.48       *         0.07       0.10         0.32       0.17       **         0.19       0.25         1.03       1.27       **         1.61       1.79	0.48       0.41 * 3.99         0.14       0.17       1.26         0.20       0.28 * 2.93         0.20       0.28 * 4.06         0.31       0.35       0.41         1.33       1.48 * 3.71         0.07       0.10       1.77         0.32       0.17 ** 11.66         0.19       0.25       2.52         1.03       1.27 ** 7.34         1.61       1.79       2.10

<sup>\*</sup> GSS 2010 Survey, N=1272, All statistics reported with adjustments for survey weighting,  ${}^{t}p < 0.1$ , \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01. A contact listed could be categorized in more than one way by the respondent. Network size indicates unique contacts only.

# Summary

BY AND LARGE, NO GENDER GAP IN THE OVERALL SIZE OF NETWORKS EXISTS FOR WOMEN AND MEN

WOMEN HAVE A GREATER SEGMENT OF THEIR NETWORK AS KIN, MEN HAVE A GREATER SEGMENT OF THEIR NETWORK AS WORK CONTACTS

GAP IN COWORKER RELATIONSHIPS AFFECTS ECONOMIC OUTCOMES (JOBS, SALARIES, PROMOTIONS)

# THANK YOU adinad@stanford.edu